

Terms of Reference for “Evaluation of Rajiv Gandhi Chaitanya Yojane (RGCY) for Rural Development and Panchayath Raj Department” for Karnataka Evaluation Authority Bengaluru

INDEX

Sl no	Content	Page no
1	Title	2
2	Department implementing the scheme	2
3	Background and Context	2
4	Evaluation Scope, Purpose and Objective	4
5	Evaluation Questions	5
6	Sampling and Evaluation methodology	6
7	Deliverables and time schedules	8
8	Cost Limits and schedule of budget release	9
9	Administrative arrangements for the study	10
10	Contact person to get further details about the study	11
11	Annexure-1 (Details of the RGCY Scheme)	12
12	Annexure-2 List of Project supporting agencies –Self employment	15
13	Annexure-3 progress achieved so far	21
14	Annexure-4 District Wise progress for the year 2014 -2015	22

Terms of Reference for “Evaluation of Rajiv Gandhi Chaitanya Yojane (RGCY) for Rural Development and Panchayath Raj Department” for Karnataka Evaluation Authority Bengaluru

1. Study Title: Evaluation of the Rajiv Gandhi Chaitanya Yojane (RGCY)

2. Department Implementing the Scheme: Karnataka State Rural Livelihood Mission and Rural Development and Panchayath Raj Department

3. The Background and Context of the Scheme:

Poverty alleviation and employment generation have been adopted as the twin objectives of India's economic planning and policy. Employment generation in the 21st century is basically depends on the skill accumulation in the Society. It is estimated that by 2020 India will be reaping the demographic dividend with 87 Crores working population, the largest in the world. But given the health, education, skills and employability of the children and youth, we are likely to lose the global opportunities. 'Skill India', 'Job creation' and 'Employability' are key approaches for livelihood for the youth. To achieve these objectives, in June 2011, National Rural Livelihood Mission (NRLM) was launched by Ministry of Rural development, Government of India in 12 states (which accounts for 85% of the rural poor) to alleviate poverty and create sustainable livelihood opportunities (self-employment & organization).

Rajiv Gandhi Chaitanya Yojane (RGCY) is a state Government sponsored Project of Self Employment and Wage Employment, and is being implemented in the state since 2013-2014 to provide rural youth alternative productive and income generating activities. To achieve this goal, RGCY has planned to provide employment to around three lakhs rural youth every year. Of these 50% of youth to be provided with self-employment / livelihood activities and another 50% of youth to be provided with skill training and placement and it is implemented by the implementation partners. 50 youth per Gram Panchayath will be selected by Gram Sabha as per the eligibility criteria (between the age group of 18 to 35 years with the minimum qualification of 8th standard) issued from time to time in all the 6,019 Gram Panchayath of Karnataka.

Objectives of RGCY:

1. To create improved and alternative livelihood opportunities through training, awareness and capacity building programmes.

2. To improve the income of the unemployed youth through up gradation of vocational and managerial skills and creation of opportunities for self-employment.
3. To improve the social and economic condition of unemployed youth by initiating individual enterprises.
4. To motivate the rural poor youth to start income generating projects by training them in entrepreneurial and business skills.
5. Check the migration of youth to towns and cities by creating employment opportunities in their native habitats.

The scheme details are given in **Annexure-1**

Progress of the Scheme:

Self employment:

There are 62 Project Supporting Agencies (PSA) that are working in Karnataka in 30 Districts 2016. The loan was sanctioned to **42050** youths out of **86209** who submitted applications against the target of **176285**. The achievement is 23.85 of the target and 48.9 % of the requirement placed.

Skill Training and Placement:

About 21 Project Implementing Agencies (PIA) are working for the **Skill Training and Placement**. A total of 226871 Candidates were Trained and Placed in 2014-15, and a total of 32472 Candidates Trained and placed in 2015-16. (Lists of PSAs and PIAs- **Annexure-2**)

District wise details of the Progress achieved given in **Annexure-3**

4. Evaluation Scope, purpose and objectives:

Scope and Purpose

The scheme is implemented in all the districts of the State therefore; the scope of the study is to cover all the 30 districts of the State. The study covers the period from 2013-14 to 2016-17 (three years period). The various dimensions of the scheme to be covered under the study are

- Awareness and utilisation of the scheme by the target beneficiaries,
 - training components and placements , self employment,
 - the effectiveness, issues and challenges in implementation of RGCY scheme
 - Problems in enrolment of youths in the scheme, gender disaggregation
1. Utilization of bank loans, training and placements.

2. The evaluation study should cover the beneficiaries, implementation partners, banks, and State and District level stakeholders by using mixed method approach.

Objectives of the evaluation:

1. To understand and map the demographic characteristics of unemployed youth in Karnataka and their access and willingness to participate in RGCY Scheme.
2. To analyse and document the status of rural unemployed youth before and after the implementation of the scheme.
3. To examine and validate the effectiveness of the training activities by the PIAs and PSAs in promoting the income generation activities among the beneficiaries.
4. To assess the Impact of RGCY scheme on the livelihood and income status of the beneficiary families.
5. To assess the sustainability of self employment and wage employment initiatives taken up during the past 3 years
6. To assess the bottlenecks in getting bank linkage and to study the status of repayment of bank loan.
7. To examine the placements and employment opportunities generated for the trained youths.
8. To analyse issues and challenges in implementation (bottlenecks, community level and youth related issues etc.), role of PSAs and PIAs and uptake. Selection, training, support, monitoring and evaluation processes of PSAs and PIAs by the Department to throw light on understanding of the Scheme viability and to suggest measures for improvement.

5. Evaluation Questions (Inclusive but not Exhaustive)

1. What is the need for intervention by the Government through RGSY in the labour market? How it is different from the earlier similar type of employment programmes.
2. What is the experience derived from the earlier self employment and training programmes? Provide a review of literature in the field.
3. What is the awareness level of the beneficiaries about RGCY scheme. Whether it differs across the districts/ regions?
4. What is the number of youth enrolled for the Self Employment and
5. What is the number of youths enrolled for Skill Development and Placement Whether placement is adequate and secure? What are the reasons for low placement

6. What is the trend in self employment under the RGCY scheme? Does it differ across the regions?
7. Is there any shift in income generation activities carried out by the beneficiary youths before and after the implementation of the scheme?
8. Whether the guidelines are followed in enrolment for training and placements appropriately. Any deviations observed across the regions?
9. What is the effectiveness of skill training activities, regional/geographic suitability to match job market/opportunities and placement, community/individual acceptability/preferences and income generation?
10. How the PIAs and PSAs are functioning in different districts. Reasons for not having implementation partners in some districts.
11. What are the methods of accreditation and validation of training curriculum, activities, and certification?
12. Whether the monitoring mechanism under RGCY is adequate and effective?
13. Examine the impact of other similar kind of schemes in the region. Is there any overlap effect?
14. Whether the bank credit is adequate for the economic activities under self employment? Is so, how the resource gap is managed?
15. Examine the Reasons for delay of loan for the enrolled candidates under Self employment and the pattern of repayment.
16. Are there any dropouts under RGCY training scheme and what are the reasons for it?.
17. One of the objectives of the scheme is to reduce the migration of youths from rural to urban areas. Compare migration of youth before and after the implementation of the scheme in the study area.
18. Whether the implementing Partners have the adequate human resources and infrastructure as well as training modules to impart the quality training? Gaps existing if any? What adjustments are made?
19. What are the Issues and challenges faced by the implementation partners?
20. How is the linkage with the Placement industries/ organizations?
21. Should the scheme be continued? If no, why not? If yes, with what changes?

6. Evaluation methodology

Sampling

As the RGCY scheme is implemented under 2 different types of schemes namely, Self Employment and Skill Training and Placement, the selection criteria of beneficiaries should be defined clearly and separately. All the data and information to be gathered should be able to clearly address the objectives of the evaluation and the RGCY scheme.

Sampling Design

A cross sectional study with Quasi Experimental approach design shall be adopted to carry out the evaluation, with multistage stratified random sampling methodology.

I Stage – selection of four administrative divisions in the State.

II Stage- selection of the Districts within the Division.

Within each division one district each of low, and high achievement is considered and proportionate sampling at district level based on district achievement in percent (achievement vs target) is considered.

At the district level beneficiaries and non-beneficiaries (control) have to be selected randomly (simple random) from PSAs and PIAs lists.

Sample Selection Process

Multistage stratified random sample design is used for the study. Separate sampling is used for both the schemes. The scheme is implemented all over the State and to have representation of all the revenue divisions of the State, 2 districts in each revenue; i.e., 1 district with high achievement, and 1 district with low achievement has to be selected.

Probability proportional to size (PPS) sampling technique is to be adopted in selection of samples from SC/ST, minority, physically handicapped, women and others. District, category and year wise list is attached in Annexure-4.

1% of the sample need to be taken as control from non-beneficiaries at district level should be from the lists of PIA's/PSA from those who enrolled/registered but not continued to the next level of the programme.

Table 1: Data collection

Type of data	Method of data collection	Source of information	Method and Tools
Primary data	1. Quantative data	Beneficiaries, non-beneficiaries, PIA's, PSA's	Survey, check list
	2. Qualitative data	Beneficiaries, non-beneficiaries.	1. FGD, FGD-guide
		State level, district level, taluk level, GP level, Bank officials	2. IDI, interview schedules
Secondary data	Data from the department	Department levels, PSA and PIA and review of literature.	On selected indicators relevant for the evaluation

Table 2: Sample selection process for self employment:

State	Division	Districts	No. of Youths self Employed	Sample
Karnataka	Bangalore	Chitradurga	1867	276
		Bangalore Urban	637	94
	Belgaum	Bagalkot	3646	540
		Dharwad	812	120
	Gulbarga	Kalaburagi	3033	448
		Yadgir	0418	63
	Mysore	Hassan	3250	481
		Udapi	159	024
		Total	13822	2046
Highest number and lowest number of youths self employed Sample size* at 95 percent confidence level Margin of error 2% =2046 PPS distribution				

Table 3: Sample selection process for skill training and placement:

State	Division	Districts	No. of Youths trained	Sample
Karnataka	Bangalore	Tumkur	11012	439
		Bangalore Urban	2496	100
	Belgaum	Belgaum	16804	670
		Dharwad	4296	172
	Gulbarga	Gulbarga	6164	245
		Raichur	4722	188
	Mysore	Mandya	10362	413
		Kodagu	1944	078
		Total	57800	2305
Highest number and lowest number of youths trained Sample size* at 95 percent confidence level Margin of error 2% =2305 PPS distribution across talukas and below				

Care should be taken to select the sample representing all the categories of beneficiaries- SC/ST- OBC Women and PH Categories.

Table -4 final sample

Sl no	Types of beneficiaries	Total number of beneficiaries	Sample size	Total control size (non-beneficiaries)
1	Self employment scheme	13822	2046 (with confidence level at 95% and margin of error at 2%)	21
2	Skill training and placement	57800	2305 (with confidence level at 95% and margin of error at 2%)	23
	Total	71622	4351	44

Sample size* at 95 percent confidence level Margin of error 2% 2305

Table-5 Qualitative data:

Total 64 FGD's (4 FGDs/District)	FGDs should cover one group each beneficiaries and non-beneficiaries 1 with Training partners 1 with district officials
IDI's need to be done	IDI should cover- beneficiaries, stakeholders- state, district, taluk, GP level, Bank officials

Methods of data Collection and analysis

Both quantitative and qualitative methods of data collection shall be adopted to carry out the evaluation. Tools for survey, checklists, FGD's and interview guides for various stakeholders should allow for comparisons of identified parameters for pre-and post implementation conditions of the scheme. Qualitative methods using Focus Group Discussions (FGDs), in-depth Key Informant Interviews (KIIs) and formal interactions with various stakeholders involved in implementation of RGCY and beneficiaries as well as non-beneficiaries should be conducted. Secondary data analysis for both the schemes with reference to relevant evaluation parameters should be taken up. Appropriate statistical measures should be used for analysis to allow for appropriate interpretation of results.

Parameters for study could include economic status of family, skill variety and job market, placement/job types-industry/organization types (salary, place of employment, sustainability, migration), types of self employment (loans/financing, venture set up, profitability, revenues, sustainability), income levels and preferences/job attractiveness and gender disaggregation attractiveness etc. An in-depth inquiry regarding PIAs and PSAs selection, training and

achievements need to be conducted. Rigorous mixed methodologies using multi-stakeholder approach (both qualitative and quantitative methods-primary and secondary) to suit the objectives of the study and results should bring out key inferences to help make useful recommendations.

7. Deliverables and Time schedule for the study

Deliverables by Consultant Organization:-

It is expected to complete the study in 6 months' time excluding the time taken for approval. The evaluating agency is expected to adhere to the following timelines and deliverables.

1. Work plan submission/inception : One month after signing the agreement report
2. Field Data Collection : Two- three months
3. Draft report submission : One month after Field Data Collection
4. Final report submission : One month after Draft report submission
5. Total Duration : 6 Months

8 Qualities Expected from the Evaluation Report

The following are the points, only inclusive and not exhaustive, which need to be mandatorily followed in the preparation of evaluation report:

- a) By the very look of the evaluation report it should be evident that the study is that of Karnataka State Rural Livelihood Mission, and Karnataka Evaluation Authority (KEA) which has been done by the Consultant. It should not intend to convey that the study was the initiative and work of the Consultant, merely financed by the Karnataka Evaluation Authority (KEA).
- b) Evaluation is a serious professional task and its presentation should exhibit it accordingly. Please refrain from using glossy, super smooth paper for the entire volume overloaded with photographs, graphics and data in multi-colour fancy fonts and styles.
- c) The Terms of Reference (ToR) of the study should form the first Appendix of the report.

- d) The results should correspond to the ToR. In the results chapter, each question of the ToR should be answered. It is only after all questions framed in the ToR that is answered, that results over and above these be detailed.
- e) With regard to recommendations, the number of recommendations is no measure of the quality of evaluation. Evaluation has to be done with a purpose to suggest practical modes of implementation.
- f) The report should be complete and logically organized in a clear but simple language.
- g) The report should be concise but comprehensive.

Ensuring quality

The evaluation report and its findings must demonstrate highest professional standard on par with National and International studies.

9. Administrative arrangements for the study:

Consultants should have experience in conducting quantitative and qualitative data collection.

Provide details of evaluation team members having technical qualifications/capability as below.

Sl. No	Subject Experts Requirements	Educational Qualification	Experience in Relevant Field
1	Principal Investigators	Post Graduate in Social Sciences/ Rural Development Social Work/PhD is preferable	Minimum 10 Years Experience in Social and Rural Development/ Livelihood/NGO Management/ who has evaluated in Banking sector and Implemented social schemes will also be considered.
2	1 st Core Team Member	PG/ Technical Education/ vocational education/ diploma in technical education/ vocational education.	About 3 years of experience in Training/ Skill Development / Vocational training/ entrepreneurship/ livelihood.
3	2 nd Core Team Member	MA/MSc Statistics or Economics	Minimum of 2 years experience in data handling and analysis.

and in such numbers that the Evaluation is completed within the scheduled time prescribed by the ToR

Consultants not having this kind of personnel will not be considered for evaluation.

10 Defining the cost limits and schedule of budget releases:

Budget will be released based on output as follows:

- a. The **First Instalment** of Consultation fee amounting to 30% of the total fee shall be payable **as advance** to the Consultant after the approval of the inception report, but only on execution of a Bank Guarantee of a scheduled nationalized bank valid for a period of at least 12 months from the date of issuance of advance.
- b. The **Second Instalment** of Consultation fee amounting to 50% of the total fee shall be payable to the Consultant after the approval of the Draft report.
- c. The **Third and final instalment** of Consultation fee amounting to 20% of the total fee shall be payable to the Consultant after the receipt of the hard and soft copies of the final report in such format and number as prescribed in the Agreement, along with all original documents containing primary and secondary data, processed data outputs, study report and soft copies of all literature used to prepare the final report, and its acceptance.

Admissible taxes will be deducted as per existing provisions.

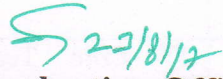
11 Selection of Consultant Agency for Evaluation

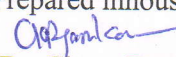
The evaluating agency should be finalized as per the provisions of the Karnataka Transparency in Public Procurement Act and Rules.

12. Contact person to get further details about the study:

Smt. Sushama Godbole Mission Director, National Rural Livelihood Mission, Bengaluru
Smt. Nagaveni, Assistant Director- 9741451041/23083000, rgcy2013@gmail.com will be the contact person for giving information and details for this study.

Nodal Officer KEA Shri M Ranganna e mail: conpkea@karnataka.gov.in Mobile: 9901174915


Chief Evaluation Officer
Karnataka Evaluation authority

Prepared inhouse by

(Dr. Chaya Degaokar)
Consultant (Evl.) KEA

Annexure-1

Details of the RGCY Scheme

RGCY was implemented in the State with the following objectives:

6. To create improved and alternative livelihood opportunities through training, awareness and capacity building programmes.
7. To improve the income of the unemployed youth through up gradation of vocational and managerial skills and creation of opportunities for self-employment.
8. To improve the social and economic condition of unemployed youth by initiating individual enterprises.
9. To motivate the rural poor youth to start income generating projects by training them in entrepreneurial and business skills.
10. Check the migration of youth to towns and cities by creating employment opportunities in their native habitats.

Though the scheme is similar to Deen Dayal Grameen Kaushalya Yojana, it is distinct also. RGCY provides two types of training: one for 'self employment' (with bank loans) and another 'job placement'. NGOs correspondingly are referred to Programme Supporting Agency (PSA) and Programme Implementing Agency (PIA). All the terms and conditions for PSAs and PIAs are clearly stated. The implementation strategy is clearly defined as given below:

Project Implementation Strategy

At state level:

- Orientation about RGCY to the sanjivini team
- Orienting the different partners and departments involved and making them aware about the possible problems arise at the time of implementation
- Rural development and panchyath raj department will call up the banks at state level for providing the loans for the interested youths.

At district level:

- Elected representative and team members of the RGCY are oriented about the scheme.
- Providing information about the scheme and its implementation.

- Formation of district level advisory committee.
 - Supporting youth fair organized by zilla panchyath
 - Providing advices for the implementation partners.
 - Recognizing good training institutes.
 - Creating awareness about the facilities available in the market and planning the projects in favour of the youth activities.
 - Creating awareness about the utilization of the basic facilities available zilla panchyath level for the products of youth prepared at district/taluk/block/village level.

At taluk level:

- Creating one day awareness program for the elected representative, team members, panchyath development officers and other staff of RGCY.
- Formation of committee for monitoring the progress of the scheme
 - List of youth finalized from gram Sabha for the self employment and skill training and placement will be finalized.
 - Committee will meet once in a month for monitoring the progress.
 - Reviewing the self-employment and skill training and placement opportunities based on the social and geographic consideration.
 - Reviewing the support available from different department.

At village level:

- Finalizing the list of eligible youth as per the prescribed criteria under RGCY by Gram Sabha
- In accordance with Gram panchyath President and Gram panchyath members organizing Gram Sabha for identification of unemployed youth.

Training

Through satellite communication:

- From every Gram Panchyath 40 youths will be selected so from 6019 Gram Panchyath 240760 will be selected for satellite training from KSRLPS- sanjivini.
- From 177 taluks, from every taluk and every Gram Panchyath in 34 transmission training program will be conducted.

- From 177 taluks from every Gram Panchyath 40 youths $177 \times 40 = 7080$ candidates will be trained for self employment and skill development and training.

Training of the beneficiaries is done by the implementation agencies. Self employment training will be conducted for 3-6 days after the sanction of the loan for the particular individuals where batch will be formed by based on the type of self employment and the training will be given by the implementing agencies. Under skill development and placement an intensive training of 45 days (both residential and non-residential) will be given for the beneficiaries selected under skill training and placement. Self employment is implemented through Project Supporting agencies, and Skill training and placement is implemented through Project implementing agencies. List of implementation partners is given in below.

Annexure-2

List of Project supporting agencies –Self employment

ರಾಜೀವ್ ಗಾಂಧಿ ಚೈತನ್ಯ ಯೋಜನೆಯ ಸ್ವ-ಉದ್ಯೋಗ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮದಡಿ ಪ್ರಸ್ತುತ ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುತ್ತಿರುವ ಯೋಜನಾ ಬೆಂಬಲ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳ ವಿವರಗಳು.					
ಕ್ರ.ಸಂ	ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಗಳ ಹೆಸರು	ಕ್ರ.ಸಂ	ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ/ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳ ಹೆಸರು	ಹಂಚಿಕೆ ಮಾಡಿರುವ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ/ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕುಗಳು	ಷರಾ
1	ಬಾಗಲಕೋಟೆ	1	ಔಟ್‌ರೀಚ್ 205, ಹೆಚ್‌ಬಿಆರ್ ಲೇಔಟ್, 2ನೇ ಬ್ಲಾಕ್, 1ನೇ ಸ್ಟೇಜ್ ಎಕ್ಸ್‌ಟೆಂಷನ್, 80 ಫೀಟ್ ರಸ್ತೆ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು-43.	ಬಾದಾಮಿ	
		2	ಅಡವಿ ಸಿದ್ಧೇಶ್ವರ ರೂರಲ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಸೊಸೈಟಿ, ವಿನಾಯಕ ನಗರ, ಕೋರ್ಟ್ ಹಿಂಭಾಗ, ಬೈಲಹೊಂಗಲ, ಬೆಳಗಾಂ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ.	ಬಾಗಲಕೋಟೆ, ಹುನಗುಂದ, ಜಮಖಂಡಿ, ಮುದೋಳ್, ಬಿಳಗಿ.	
2	ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು (ನ)	1	ವಿದ್ಯಾರಣ್ಯ ಮಂಡೂರು, ವಿಗೋ ನಗರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಪೂರ್ವ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು - 49.	ಎಲ್ಲಾ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕುಗಳು	
3	ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು (ಗ್ರಾ)	1	ವಿದ್ಯಾರಣ್ಯ ಮಂಡೂರು, ವಿಗೋ ನಗರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಪೂರ್ವ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು - 49.	ಎಲ್ಲಾ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕುಗಳು	
4	ಬೆಳಗಾಂ	1	ಅಡವಿ ಸಿದ್ಧೇಶ್ವರ ರೂರಲ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಸೊಸೈಟಿ ವಿನಾಯಕ ನಗರ, ಕೋರ್ಟ್ ಹಿಂಭಾಗ, ಬೈಲಹೊಂಗಲ, ಬೆಳಗಾಂ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ.	ಬೈಲಹೊಂಗಲ	
		2	ಯುನೈಟೆಡ್ ಸೋಷಿಯಲ್ ವೆಲ್‌ಫೇರ್ ನಂ.2528, ಗೋರಕಾನ್ ಬಿಲ್ಡಿಂಗ್, ಇನ್‌ಕಂ ಟ್ರಾಕ್ಸ್ ಕಾಲೋನಿ, ಮಹಂತೇಶ್ ನಗರ, ಬೆಳಗಾವಿ 590 016	ಬೆಳಗಾಂ, ರಾಯಭಾಗ್, ಖಾನಾಪುರ	
		3	ಚೇತನ ರೂರಲ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಟ್ರಸ್ಟ್ ನಂ.2424, ಬನಶಂಕರಿ ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನದ ಹತ್ತಿರ, ಜಿಟಿಗಲ್ಲಿ ಮುನೋಲಿ, ಸವದತ್ತಿ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು, ಬೆಳಗಾವಿ	ಅಥಣಿ	
		4	ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ವಿವೇಕಾನಂದ ಸಮಾಜ ಸೇವಾ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಸುತ್ತಗಟ್ಟಿ, ಬೈಹೊಂಗಲ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು, ಬೆಳಗಾಂ - 591147	ಗೋಕಾಕ್, ಚಿಕ್ಕೋಡಿ, ಹುಕ್ಕೇರಿ	
		5	ಆದರ್ಶ ಎನ್‌ವೈರ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಪ್ರೊಟೆಕ್ಟ್‌ನ ರೂರಲ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಫೌಂಡೇಷನ್, ಪೋಸ್ಟ್ ಆಫೀಸ್ ಹತ್ತಿರ ಹಳೆ ಸಿಂಡಿಕೇಟ್ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಬಿಲ್ಡಿಂಗ್, ರಾಮದುರ್ಗ, ಬೆಳಗಾಂ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ	ರಾಮದುರ್ಗ, ಸವದತ್ತಿ	
5	ಬಳ್ಳಾರಿ	1	ಔಟ್‌ರೀಚ್, ನಂ.205, ಹೆಚ್‌ಬಿಆರ್ ಲೇಔಟ್, 2ನೇ ಬ್ಲಾಕ್, 1ನೇ ಸ್ಟೇಜ್ ಎಕ್ಸ್‌ಟೆಂಷನ್, 80 ಅಡಿ ರಸ್ತೆ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು-43	ಹಗರಿಬೊಮ್ಮನಹಳ್ಳಿ, ಹೊಸಪೇಟೆ	
		2	ಸಹರಾ (ಸೋಷಿಯಲ್ ಆಕ್ಷನ್ ಫಾರ್ ಹೆಲ್ಪ್ ರೂರಲ್ ಅವೇರ್‌ನೆಸ್ ಅಂಡ್ ರೂರಲ್ ಅಡ್ವಾನ್ಸೆಮೆಂಟ್) ನಂ.1579/2, ಅಯ್ಯಪ್ಪಸ್ವಾಮಿ ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನದ ಎದುರು, ಹಳೆ ಆರ್‌ಟಿಒ ಕಛೇರಿ ಹತ್ತಿರ, ಎಂ.ಸಿ. ಬಿ ಬ್ಲಾಕ್, ದಾವಣಗೆರೆ 577004	ಬಳ್ಳಾರಿ, ಸಿರಗುಪ್ಪ, ಸಂಡೂರು	

		3	ಸ್ವಂದನ ಸೇವಾ ಸಮಾಜ ಹಾಗೂ ಸಾಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಕ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ (ನೋಂ), ಮೂರನೇ ವಾರ್ಡ್, ಉರಮ್ಮ ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನದ ಹತ್ತಿರ, ಹೊಸಪೇಟೆ ರಸ್ತೆ, ಕೂಡ್ಲಿಗಿ.	ಕೂಡ್ಲಿಗಿ, ಹೂವಿನಹಡಗಲಿ	
6	ಬೀದರ್	1	ಹೈದ್ರಾಬಾದ್ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸೆಂಟರ್ 10-2-152, ಸಂಗಮೇಶ್ವರ ನಗರ, ಗುಲ್ಬರ್ಗಾ - 585103	ಎಲ್ಲಾ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕುಗಳು	
7	ಬಿಜಾಪುರ	1	ಚೇತನ ರೂರಲ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಟ್ರಸ್ಟ್ ನಂ.2424, ಬನಶಂಕರಿ ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನದ ಹತ್ತಿರ, ಜಿಟಿಗಲ್ಲಿ ಮುನೋಲಿ, ಸವದತ್ತಿ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು, ಬೆಳಗಾವಿ	ಎಲ್ಲಾ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕುಗಳು	
8	ಚಾಮರಾಜನಗರ	1	ಜೆಎಸ್‌ಎಸ್ ಕನ್ಸಲ್ಟೆಂಟ್ ಜೆಎಸ್‌ಎಸ್ ಟೆಕ್ನಿಕಲ್ ಇನ್‌ಸ್ಟಿಟ್ಯೂಟ್ ಕ್ಯಾಂಪಸ್, ಮೈಸೂರು - 570006	ಎಲ್ಲಾ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕುಗಳು	
9	ಚಿಕ್ಕಮಗಳೂರು	1	ಶ್ರೀ ಶಕ್ತಿ ಅಸೋಸಿಯೇಷನ್ ಗುಟ್ಟೂರು ಕಾಲೋನಿ, ಹರಿಹರ ದಾವಣಗೆರೆ.	ಎಲ್ಲಾ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕುಗಳು	ಈ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಶ್ರೀ ಶಕ್ತಿ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಯನ್ನು ರದ್ದುಗೊಳಿಸಿದೆ
		2	ಶ್ರೀ ಮಾತೃಶ್ರೀ ವಿದ್ಯಾ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ(ರಿ), 7ನೇ ಎ ರಸ್ತೆ, ಕಿಆರ್ ನಗರ, ಮೈಸೂರು- 571602ಫೋ.ನಂ-08223262112, 9742434753	ಮೂಡಿಗೆರೆ, ಚಿಕ್ಕಮಗಳೂರು, ಶೃಂಗೇರಿ	
		3	ಪುಣ್ಯ ಕೋಟಿ ಇಂಟೆಗ್ರೇಟೆಡ್ ರೂರಲ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಸೊಸೈಟಿ	ಕಡೂರು, ತರಿಕೆರೆ, ನರಸಿಂಹರಾಜಪುರ, ಕೊಪ್ಪ	
10	ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ	1	ಶ್ರೀ ಶಕ್ತಿ ಅಸೋಸಿಯೇಷನ್ ಗುಟ್ಟೂರು ಕಾಲೋನಿ, ಹರಿಹರ ದಾವಣಗೆರೆ.	ಎಲ್ಲಾ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕುಗಳು	
11	ಚಿಕ್ಕಬಳ್ಳಾಪುರ	1	ಬಿಟರ್‌ರೀಚ್ 205, ಹೆಚ್‌ಬಿಆರ್ ಲೇಔಟ್, 2ನೇ ಬ್ಲಾಕ್, 1ನೇ ಸ್ಟೇಜ್ ಎಕ್ಸ್‌ಟೆಂಷನ್, 80 ಫೀಟ್ ರಸ್ತೆ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು 43	ಎಲ್ಲಾ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕುಗಳು	
12	ದಕ್ಷಿಣ ಕನ್ನಡ	1	ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಸಮಿತಿ ಭಾರತ್ ಕಮರ್ಷಿಯಲ್ ಸೆಂಟರ್, ಬಿ.ಸಿ.ರೋಡ್, ಪುತ್ತೂರು, ದ.ಕನ್ನಡ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ.	ಮಂಗಳೂರು	ಈ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಯನ್ನು ರದ್ದುಗೊಳಿಸಲಾಗಿದ್ದು, ಪ್ರಸ್ತುತ ಯಾವುದೇ ಪಿಎಸ್‌ಎಗಳು ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ
13	ದಾವಣಗೆರೆ	1	ಶ್ರೀ ಶಕ್ತಿ ಅಸೋಸಿಯೇಷನ್ ಗುಟ್ಟೂರು ಕಾಲೋನಿ, ಹರಿಹರ ದಾವಣಗೆರೆ.	ಹೊನ್ನಾವಳಿ, ದಾವಣಗೆರೆ ಮತ್ತು ಹರಿಹರ	
		2	ಮೈತ್ರಿ ಅಸೋಸಿಯೇಷನ್ ನಂ.242, ಸಕ್ಕರೆ ಕಾರ್ಖಾನೆ ರಸ್ತೆ, ದೊಡ್ಡಬತ್ತಿ ದಾವಣಗೆರೆ -577566	ಚನ್ನಗಿರಿ	
		3	ಸರ್ವೋದಯ ಮೆಮೋರಿಯಲ್ ಫೌಂಡೇಷನ್, ನಂ.853/7, 2ನೇ ಮೈನ್, 6ನೇ ಕ್ರಾಸ್, ಶಿವಕುಮಾರ ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಎಕ್ಸ್‌ಟೆಂಷನ್, 1ನೇ ಹಂತ, ದಾವಣಗೆರೆ 05	ಜಗಳೂರು, ಹರಪನಹಳ್ಳಿ	
14	ಧಾರವಾಡ	1	ಮೈತ್ರಿ ಅಸೋಸಿಯೇಷನ್ ನಂ.242, ಸಕ್ಕರೆ ಕಾರ್ಖಾನೆ ರಸ್ತೆ, ದೊಡ್ಡಬತ್ತಿ ದಾವಣಗೆರೆ -577566	ಎಲ್ಲಾ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕುಗಳು	
15	ಗದಗ	1	ಆಗ್ರಿಕಲ್ಚರಲ್ ಸೈನ್ಸ್ ಫೌಂಡೇಷನ್ ಕೆ.ಹೆಚ್.ಪಾಟೀಲ್, ಕೆವಿಕೆ ಕ್ಯಾಂಪಸ್ ಪೋಸ್ಟ್, ಹುಲಿಕೋಟೆ, ಗದಗ್ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು, ಗದಗ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ.	ಎಲ್ಲಾ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕುಗಳು	
16	ಗುಲ್ಬರ್ಗ	1	ಹೈದ್ರಾಬಾದ್ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸೆಂಟರ್ 10-2-152, ಸಂಗಮೇಶ್ವರ ನಗರ, ಗುಲ್ಬರ್ಗಾ - 585103	ಗುಲ್ಬರ್ಗಾ, ಅಳಂದ, ಚಿಂಚೋಳಿ, ಅಫಜಲ್‌ಪುರ	

		2	ವಿಶ್ವ ಸೇವಾ ಸಮಿತಿ ಶಾರದಾ ರೆಸಿಡೆನ್ಸಿ, ಡಿವಿಷನಲ್ ಫಾರಿಸ್ಟ್ ಆಫೀಸ್ ಎದುರು, ಎಸ್.ಬಿ.ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನ ರಸ್ತೆ, ಗುಲ್ಬರ್ಗಾ - 585102.	ಜೇವರ್ಗಿ, ಸೇಡಂ, ಚಿತ್ತಾಪುರ	
17	ಹಾಸನ	1	ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ಸೊಸೈಟಿ ಫಾರ್ ಸೋಷಿಯಲ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್, 3ನೇ ಮುಖ್ಯ ರಸ್ತೆ, ಸಿದ್ಧರಾಮೇಶ್ವರ ಎಕ್ಸ್‌ಟೇಷನ್, ಶಾಂತಿನಿಕೇತನ ಶಾಲೆಯ ಹತ್ತಿರ, ಕ್ಯಾತಸಂದ್ರ, ತುಮಕೂರು-72104	ಚಿನ್ನರಾಯಪಟ್ಟಣ, ಬೇಲೂರು, ಹೊಳೆನರಸೀಪುರ	
		2	ಶ್ರಮ (ನೋಂ), ಸೋಷಿಯಲ್ ಹ್ಯಾಮ್ಯಾನಿಟಿ ರೂರಲ್ ಎಬಿಲಿಟಿ ಮಾನಿಟರಿಂಗ್ ಅಸೋಸಿಯೇಷನ್, ಭಗವಾನ್ ಬಿಲ್ಡಿಂಗ್, ಎಟರ್ನಿ ಆಸ್ಟ್ರೆ ಎದುರು, ಸಕರಾಯಪಟ್ಟ ಅಂಚೆ 577 135, ಚಿಕ್ಕಮಗಳೂರು.	ಅರಸೀಕೆರೆ, ಸಕಲೇಶಪುರ, ಅರಕಲಗೂಡು	
		3	ಸೌಂದರ್ಯ ರೂರಲ್ ಮತ್ತು ಅರ್ಬನ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಅಸೋಸಿಯೇಷನ್, ಆಂಜನೇಯ ಎಕ್ಸ್‌ಟೇಷನ್, ಟ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಬಂಡ್ ರಸ್ತೆಯ ಹತ್ತಿರ, ಚಿಂತಾಮಣಿ-563 125	ಹಾಸನ, ಆಲೂರು	
18	ಹಾವೇರಿ	1	ಚೈತನ್ಯ ರೂರಲ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಸೊಸೈಟಿ, ಕನ್ನಿ ಬಿಲ್ಡಿಂಗ್, ಮೊದಲನೇ ಮುಖ್ಯರಸ್ತೆ, 2ನೇ ಕ್ರಾಸ್, ವಿಘ್ನೇಶ್ವರ ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನದ ಹತ್ತಿರ, ಧನೀಶ್‌ವಾರಿ ನಗರ, ಹಾವೇರಿ 581 110	ಹಾವೇರಿ, ಸವಣೂರು	
		2	ನವಜ್ಯೋತಿ ಇನ್ಸಿಟ್ಯೂಟ್ ಫಾರ್ ರೂರಲ್ ಹೆಲ್ತ್ ಅಂಡ್ ರೂರಲ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ (ನಿಷಾದ್), ಹಿರೇಗೌಡರ್ ಕಾಂಪ್ಲೆಕ್ಸ್, ಅಶೋಕನಗರ, ಮೂರನೇ ಕ್ರಾಸ್, ಮಡಕೇರಿ ರಸ್ತೆ, ರಾಣಿಬೆನ್ನೂರು, ಹಾವೇರಿ 581 115.	ರಾಣಿಬೆನ್ನೂರು, ಹಿರೇಕೆರೂರು,	
		3	ನವೋದಯ ಎಜ್ಯುಕೇಷನ್ ಅಂಡ್ ಎನ್ವಿರಾಂಮೆಂಟ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಸರ್ವಿಸ್ (ನೀಡ್ಸ್) ಐಎಂಎ ಬಿಲ್ಡಿಂಗ್, ಸಂಗಂ ಟಾಕೀಸ್ ಹಿಂಭಾಗ, ರಂಗನಾಥನಗರ, ರಾಣಿಬೆನ್ನೂರು 581 115, ಹಾವೇರಿ.	ಶಿಗ್ಗಾವ್, ಹಾನಗಲ್	
19	ಕೊಡಗು	1	ವಿಕಸನ ಇನ್ಸಿಟ್ಯೂಟ್ ಫಾರ್ ರೂರಲ್ ಅಂಡ್ ಅರ್ಬನ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್, 1813, 1ನೇ ಕ್ರಾಸ್, ಬಂಡಿಗೌಡ ಲೇಔಟ್, ಮಂಡ್ಯ - 571401.	ಸೋಮವಾರ ಪೇಟೆ	
		2	ಕಾಮದೇನು ಎಜ್ಯುಕೇಷನಲ್ ಅಂಡ್ ರೂರಲ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಟ್ರಸ್ಟ್, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು	ಮಡಿಕೇರಿ, ವಿರಾಜಪೇಟೆ	
20	ಕೋಲಾರ	1	ಇನ್ಸಿಟ್ಯೂಟ್ ಫಾರ್ ಯೂತ್ ಅಂಡ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ (ಐವೈಡಿ), ನಂ.97, 17 ನೇ ಬಿ ಮುಖ್ಯ ರಸ್ತೆ, 5ನೇ ಬ್ಲಾಕ್, ಕೋರಮಂಗಲ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು - 560 095	ಮಾಲೂರು, ಮುಳಬಾಗಿಲು	ಪ್ರಸ್ತುತ ಈ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಯನ್ನು ಎರಡೂ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ರದ್ದುಗೊಳಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ, ಆದ ಕಾರಣ ಈ ಎರಡೂ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದೇ ಪಿಎಸ್‌ಎ ಇರುವುದಿಲ್ಲ
		2	ವೀಲ್ಡ್ ಎನ್‌ಜಿಒ, ಬೀರೇಶ್ವರ ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ನಿಲಯ, ಮೂರನೇಕ್ರಾಸ್, 5ನೇ ವಾಡ್, ಕನಕನಪಾಳ್ಯ, ಕೋಲಾರ	ಶ್ರೀನಿವಾಸಪುರ, ಬಂಗಾರಪೇಟೆ	
		3	ಸೌಂದರ್ಯ ರೂರಲ್ ಮತ್ತು ಅರ್ಬನ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಅಸೋಸಿಯೇಷನ್, ಆಂಜನೇಯ ಎಕ್ಸ್‌ಟೇಷನ್, ಟ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಬಂಡ್	ಕೋಲಾರ	

			ರಸ್ತೆಯ ಹತ್ತಿರ, ಚಿಂತಾಮಣಿ-563 125		
21	ಕೊಪ್ಪಳ	1	ಮೈತ್ರಿ ಅಸೋಸಿಯೇಷನ್ ನಂ.242, ಸಕ್ಕರೆ ಕಾರ್ಖಾನೆ ರಸ್ತೆ, ದೊಡ್ಡಬತ್ತಿ ದಾವಣಗೆರೆ -577566	ಯಲಬುರ್ಗಾ, ಗಂಗಾವತಿ, ಕೊಪ್ಪಳ	ಈ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಯನ್ನು ರದ್ದುಗೊಳಿಸಿದ್ದು, ಪ್ರಸ್ತುತ 3 ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದೇ ಪಿಎಸ್‌ಎ ಇರುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.
		2	ಸೃಜಲಶ್ರೀ ಸಮಗ್ರ ಕೃಷಿ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಮತ್ತು ಗ್ರಾಮೀಣಾಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ, ಶಿವಸದನ, ಮದರ್‌ವಾಟರ್ ಟ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಎದುರು, ಗುರುಗುಂಟ ರಸ್ತೆ, ಲಿಂಗಸುಗೂರು, ರಾಯಚೂರು	ಕುಷ್ಟಗಿ	
		3	ಶ್ರೀ. ಗುರು ಎಜುಕೇಶನ್ & ವೆಲ್‌ಫೇರ್ ಸೊಸೈಟಿ 08539-230078, 9448262851, 9916245827	ಗಂಗಾವತಿ	
		4	ಓಲೇಕಾರ ಎಜುಕೇಶನ್ & ವೆಲ್‌ಫೇರ್ ಸೊಸೈಟಿ- 08539-220402, 9448554685, 9448214250	ಕೊಪ್ಪಳ	
		5	ರೂರಲ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಸೊಸೈಟಿ- 0831-2455206, 08337-265385, 9448544892, 9740339893	ಯಲಬುರ್ಗಾ	
22	ಮಂಡ್ಯ	1	ವಿಕಸನ ಇನ್‌ಟೆಕ್ಸ್ಟ್ಯೂಟ್ ಫಾರ್ ರೂರಲ್ ಅಚಿಡ್ ಅರ್ಬನ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್, 1813, 1ನೇ ಕ್ರಾಸ್, ಬಂಡಿಗೌಡ ಲೇಔಟ್, ಮಂಡ್ಯ - 571401.	ಎಲ್ಲಾ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕುಗಳು	
23	ಮೈಸೂರು	1	ಜೆಎಸ್‌ಎಸ್ ಕನ್ಸಲ್ಟಿಂಗ್ ಜೆಎಸ್‌ಎಸ್ ಟೆಕ್ನಿಕಲ್ ಇನ್‌ಟೆಕ್ಸ್ಟ್ಯೂಟ್ ಕ್ಯಾಂಪಸ್, ಮೈಸೂರು - 570006	ಎಲ್ಲಾ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕುಗಳು	
24	ರಾಯಚೂರು	1	ಗ್ರಾಮೀಣ ಮಹಿಳಾ ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ, ಜಿಆರ್‌ಎಂಎಸ್‌ಎಸ್‌ಸಂತ ಬಜಾರ್, ಲಿಂಗಸುಗೂರು, ರಾಯಚೂರು ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ	ಎಲ್ಲಾ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕುಗಳು	
25	ರಾಮನಗರ	1	ವಿಕಸನ ಇನ್‌ಟೆಕ್ಸ್ಟ್ಯೂಟ್ ಫಾರ್ ರೂರಲ್ ಅಚಿಡ್ ಅರ್ಬನ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್, 1813, 1ನೇ ಕ್ರಾಸ್, ಬಂಡಿಗೌಡ ಲೇಔಟ್, ಮಂಡ್ಯ - 571401.	ಚನ್ನಪಟ್ಟಣ, ರಾಮನಗರ	
		2	ವಿದ್ಯಾರಣ್ಯ ಮಂಡೂರು, ವಿಗೋರ್ ನಗರ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಪೂರ್ವ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು - 49.	ಕನಕಪುರ, ಮಾಗಡಿ	
26	ಶಿವಮೊಗ್ಗ	1	ಚೈತನ್ಯ ರೂರಲ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಸೊಸೈಟಿ, ಎರಡನೇ ಮಹಡಿ, ಸೋನಾ ಕಾಂಪ್ಲೆಕ್ಸ್, ಎಸ್.ಎಂ. ಸರ್ಕಲ್ ಬಳಿ, ಕುವೆಂಪು ರಸ್ತೆ, ಶಿವಮೊಗ್ಗ 577 201	ಶಿವಮೊಗ್ಗ, ಸಾಗರ, ಹೊಸನಗರ	
		2	ಮಾನಸ ಗ್ರಾಮೀಣಾಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ, ಅನನ್ಯ, 2ನೇ ಮುಖ್ಯ ರಸ್ತೆ, 13 ನೇ ಕ್ರಾಸ್, 60 ಅಡಿ ರಸ್ತೆ, ವಿನೋಬಾನಗರ, ಶಿವಮೊಗ್ಗ	ಸೋರಬ	
		3	ಉದ್ಭವ್ ಎಜುಕೇಷನ್ ಅಂಡ್ ರೂರಲ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಸೊಸೈಟಿ, ನಂ.237, 9ನೇ ಮುಖ್ಯ ರಸ್ತೆ, ಜಯನಗರ 3 ನೇ ಹಂತ ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು 560 011.	ಭದ್ರಾವತಿ, ಶಿಕಾರಿಪುರ ತೀರ್ಥಹಳ್ಳಿ	
27	ತುಮಕೂರು	1	ಎಸ್‌ಟಿಇಪಿಎಸ್ (STEPS) 127, ಮಾರುತಿ ಕಾಂಪ್ಲೆಕ್ಸ್, ಮಾಗಡಿ ಮುಖ್ಯ ರಸ್ತೆ, ಬ್ಯಾಡರ ಹಳ್ಳಿ ಬಸ್ ನಿಲ್ದಾಣ, ವಿಶ್ವ ನೀಡಂ	ತುರುವೇಕೆರೆ, ಶಿರಾ, ಕುಣಿಗಲ್	

			ಪೋಸ್ಟ್, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು-91		
		2	ಮಹಾತ್ಮಗಾಂಧಿ ರೂರಲ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಅಂಡ್ ಯೂತ್ ವೆಲ್‌ಫೇರ್ ಸೆಂಟರ್, ಸ್ವರಸ್ವತಿ ನಿಲಯ, ಎರಡನೇ ಕ್ರಾಸ್, ಆರ್‌ವಿ ಕಾಲೋನಿ, ಕೆಇಬಿ ರಸ್ತೆ, ತುಮಕೂರು	ಗುಬ್ಬಿ, ತಿಪಟೂರು, ಚಿಕ್ಕನಾಯಕನಹಳ್ಳಿ	
		3	ಮಲ್ಟಿ ಪರ್‌ಪಸ್ ಆರ್ಗನೈಸೇಷನ್ ಪಾರ್ ಟೈನಿಂಗ್ ಹೆಲ್ಪ್ ಎಜುಕೇಷನ್ ಅಂಡ್ ರಿಹಬಿಲಿಟೇಷನ್ (ಮದರ್), ಜ್ಯೋತಿನಗರ, ಶಿರಾ 572 137, ತುಮಕೂರು	ತುಮಕೂರು, ಪಾವಗಡ, ಮಧುಗಿರಿ	
		4	ರೂರಲ್ ಎಕನಾಮಿಕ್ ಅಗ್ರಿಕಲ್ಚರ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಸೊಸೈಟಿ (ನೋಂ) ಕ್ಯಾಮಿನಹಳ್ಳಿ ರಸ್ತೆ, ಹೊಲವನಹಳ್ಳಿ, ಕೊರಟಗರೆ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು, ತುಮಕೂರು 572 121	ಕೊರಟಗರೆ	
28	ಉತ್ತರ ಕನ್ನಡ	1	ಗ್ರಾಮೋದಯ, ಪಶ್ಚಾತುರ ಬಿಲ್ಡಿಂಗ್, ಹಳೆ ಆರ್‌ಟಿಒ ಕಚೇರಿ ಹತ್ತಿರ, ಬೈಲಹೊಂಗಲ 591102	ಹೊನ್ನಾವರ, ಭಟ್ಕಳ, ಮುಂಡಗೋಡ	
		2	ನೆರವು ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ, ಕೆ ಹೆಚ್ ಪಾಟೀಲ್ ಬಿಲ್ಡಿಂಗ್, ಚಾವತ್ ಗಲ್ಲಿ, ಬೆಳಗಾವಿ	ಹಳಿಯಾಳ, ಜೋಯಿಡಾ, ಕಾರವಾರ	
		3	ಸಹ್ಯಾದ್ರಿ ಕಮ್ಯೂನಿಟಿ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಅಂಡ್ ವುಮನ್ ಎಂಪವರ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಸೊಸೈಟಿ (ಸ್ಕೂಪೆಸ್) ಸವಿ ನಿಲಯ ಬಿಲ್ಡಿಂಗ್, ಮರಾಠಿ ಕೊಪ್ಪ ರಸ್ತೆ, ಶಿರಸಿ 581402, ಉ.ಕನ್ನಡ	ಯಲ್ಲಾಪು, ಶಿರಸಿ, ಕುಮುಟ	
		4	ಇಂಟೆಗ್ರೇಟೆಡ್ ರೂರಲ್ ಅಂಡ್ ಅಗ್ರಿಕಲ್ಚರ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಸೊಸೈಟಿ, ಅಕ್ಕಿ-ಅಲೂರು ಅಂಚೆ, ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ಹಾನಗಲ್, ಹಾವೇರಿ	ಅಂಕೋಲ, ಸಿದ್ದಾಪುರ	
29	ಯಾದಗಿರಿ	1	ವಿಶ್ವ ಸೇವಾ ಸಮಿತಿ ಶಾರದಾ ರೆಸಿಡೆನ್ಸಿ, ಡಿವಿಷನಲ್ ಫಾರೆಸ್ಟ್ ಆಫೀಸ್ ಎದುರು, ಎಸ್.ಬಿ.ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನ ರಸ್ತೆ, ಗುಲ್ಬರ್ಗಾ - 585102.	ಎಲ್ಲಾ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕುಗಳು	
30	ಉಡುಪಿ	1	ಶ್ರೀ ಮಾತೃಶ್ರೀ ವಿದ್ಯಾ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ	ಉಡುಪಿ, ಕಾರ್ಕಳ, ಕುಂದಾಪುರ	
Source: Karnataka State Rural Livelihood Mission					

ಪ್ರಸ್ತುತ 2017ರಲ್ಲಿ 29 ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ 62 ಯೋಜನಾ ಬೆಂಬಲ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳು ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುತ್ತಿವೆ.

List of Project Implementing Agencies –Skill Development and Placement

ರಾಜೀವ್ ಗಾಂಧಿ ಚೈತನ್ಯ ಯೋಜನೆಯ 2016-17ನೇ ಸಾಲಿನ ಯೋಜನಾ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ				
ಕ್ರ.ಸಂ	ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಯ ಹೆಸರು	ಕ್ರ.ಸಂ	ಯೋಜನಾ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ	ಷರಾ
1	ಬಾಗಲಕೋಟೆ			ಯೋಜನಾ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ
2	ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು(ನ)	1	ಶ್ರೀ ಆಂಜನೇಯಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಎಜುಕೇಷನಲ್ ರೂರಲ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಸೊಸೈಟಿ, (ರಿ), ಪಾವಗಡ	
3	ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು(ಗ್ರಾ)	1	ಜೆಎಸ್‌ಎಸ್	
4	ಬೆಳಗಾವಿ			ಯೋಜನಾ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ
5	ಬಳ್ಳಾರಿ	1	ಶ್ರೀ ಆಂಜನೇಯಲು ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಮತ್ತು ಗ್ರಾಮೀಣಾಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ, ಪಾವಗಡ	
6	ಬೀದರ್			ಯೋಜನಾ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ
7	ಬಿಜಾಪುರ			ಯೋಜನಾ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ
8	ಚಾಮರಾಜನಗರ			ಯೋಜನಾ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ
9	ಚಿಕ್ಕಮಗಳೂರು	1	ಎಆರ್‌ಟಿಜೆಎಸ್	
		2	ಶ್ವೇತಾ ವಿದ್ಯಾ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ	
10	ಚಿತ್ರದುರ್ಗ			ಯೋಜನಾ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ
11	ಚಿಕ್ಕಬಳ್ಳಾಪುರ	1	ಸೌಂದರ್ಯ	
12	ದಕ್ಷಿಣ ಕನ್ನಡ			ಯೋಜನಾ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ
13	ದಾವಣಗೆರೆ			ಯೋಜನಾ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ
14	ಧಾರವಾಡ	1	ಎಆರ್‌ಟಿಜೆಎಸ್	
		1	ಎಆರ್‌ಟಿಜೆಎಸ್	
15	ಗದಗ	2	ವಿನೂತನ	
		3	ಸ್ಯಾನ್‌ಐಟಿ	
16	ಗುಲ್ಬರ್ಗ	1	ಸಮತಾ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ	
		1	ಎಆರ್‌ಟಿಜೆಎಸ್	
17	ಹಾಸನ	2	ಶ್ವೇತಾ ವಿದ್ಯಾ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ	
		1	ಸ್ಯಾನ್‌ಐಟಿ	
18	ಹಾವೇರಿ	1	ಸ್ಯಾನ್‌ಐಟಿ	
19	ಕೊಡಗು			ಯೋಜನಾ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ
20	ಕೋಲಾರ	1	ಸೌಂದರ್ಯ	
21	ಕೊಪ್ಪಳ	1	ಅಮರೇಶ್ವರ ಗ್ರಾಮೀಣಾಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಮತ್ತು ಕಲ್ಯಾಣ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ	
22	ಮಂಡ್ಯ	1	ಐಸೋಲ್ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ	
		1	ಶ್ರೀ ರಾಮ್ ನ್ಯೂ ಹಾರಿಜನ್	
23	ಮೈಸೂರು	2	ಸ್ಯಾನ್‌ಐಟಿ	
		3	ಜೆಎಸ್‌ಎಸ್	
24	ರಾಯಚೂರು			ಯೋಜನಾ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ
25	ರಾಮನಗರ			ಯೋಜನಾ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ
26	ಶಿವಮೊಗ್ಗ			ಯೋಜನಾ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ
27	ತುಮಕೂರು	1	ಆಂಜನೇಯ ಸ್ವಾಮಿ	
28	ಉಡುಪಿ			ಯೋಜನಾ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ
29	ಉತ್ತರ ಕನ್ನಡ			ಯೋಜನಾ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ
30	ಯಾದಗಿರಿ			ಯೋಜನಾ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ

Source: Karnataka State Rural Livelihood Mission

ಪ್ರಸ್ತುತ 2017ರಲ್ಲಿ 15 ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ 21 ಯೋಜನಾ ಬೆಂಬಲ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳು ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುತ್ತಿವೆ.

Annexure-3

Sl No	Self Employment			
	District	Target	Submitted	Sanctions till 31.03.2016
1	Bagalkot	5307	4723	3646
2	Bangalore Urban	2604	1165	637
3	Bangalore Rural	3755	2717	862
4	Belagavi	13954	5962	1208
5	Ballary	5952	4220	2414
6	Bidar	6106	2710	1450
7	Vijayapura	8116	1674	414
8	Chamarajnagar	3813	2531	1656
9	Chikkaballpura	6903	3006	251
10	Chikkamaglur	4962	1110	510
11	Chitradurga	4903	2583	1867
12	Dakshina Kannada	6766	1107	442
13	Davangere	7418	3697	1859
14	Dharwad	4839	3139	812
15	Gadag	3337	3171	1735
16	Kalaburgi	7448	3800	3033
17	Hassan	7756	6100	3250
18	Haveri	5821	4114	1099
19	Kodagu	2789	163	526
20	Kolar	4001	2183	1614
21	Koppal	4667	2738	1605
22	Mandya	6070	4210	1638
23	Mysore	8884	2689	397
24	Raichur	4674	3866	2836
25	Ramanagar	4505	2108	992
26	Shivamogga	7193	2256	1586
27	Tumkur	9415	2123	1055
28	Udupi	4244	255	159
29	Uttara Kannada	6595	4577	2079
30	Yadgir	3488	1512	418
Total		176285	86209	42050
Source: Karnataka State Rural Livelihood Mission				

Annexure-4

District Wise progress for the year 2014-2015

Rajiv Gandhi Chaitanya Yojane																
	SCP				TSP		Min		PH		Others		Women		Total	
	Phy	Fin	Phy	Fin	Phy	Fin	Phy	Fin	Phy	Fin	Phy	Fin	Phy	Fin	Phy	Fin
Bagalkot	511	66	256	33	711	92	142	18	3122	406	1897	247	4743	617		
Bangalore Rural	271	35	136	18	576	75	115	15	2743	357	1537	200	3842	499		
Bangalore Urban	309	40	50	7	328	43	66	9	1436	187	876	114	2189	285		
Belgaum	1534	199	767	100	1985	258	397	52	8552	1112	5294	688	13236	1721		
Bellary	597	78	298	39	840	109	168	22	3695	480	2239	291	5598	728		
Bidar	552	72	276	36	791	103	158	21	3494	454	2109	274	5272	685		
Bijapur	628	82	150	20	1172	152	234	30	5627	732	3124	406	7811	1015		
Chamarajnagar	379	49	189	25	520	68	104	14	2272	295	1386	180	3464	450		
Chikkaballapur	713	93	357	46	906	118	181	24	3883	505	2416	314	6040	785		
Chikkamagalur	584	76	180	23	702	91	140	18	3072	399	1871	243	4678	608		
Chitradurga	477	62	238	31	809	105	162	21	3705	482	2156	280	5390	701		
Dakshina Kannada	641	83	180	23	674	88	135	18	2865	372	1798	234	4495	584		
Davanagere	726	94	363	47	1003	130	201	26	4395	571	2675	348	6688	869		
Dharwad	401	52	200	26	606	79	121	16	2713	353	1617	210	4042	525		
Gadag	335	44	167	22	676	88	135	18	3192	415	1802	234	4505	586		
Gulbarga	695	90	90	12	925	120	185	24	4270	555	2466	321	6164	801		
Hassan	814	106	150	20	948	123	190	25	4217	548	2528	329	6319	821		

Haveri	657	85	328	43	947	123	189	25	4189	545	2524	328	6310	820
Kodagu	309	40	85	11	258	34	52	7	1018	132	689	90	1722	224
Kolar	492	64	246	32	727	95	145	19	3237	421	1939	252	4848	630
Koppal	423	55	212	27	768	100	154	20	3562	463	2047	266	5118	665
Mandya	732	95	80	10	969	126	194	25	4483	583	2583	336	6458	840
Mysore	742	96	371	48	1048	136	210	27	4615	600	2794	363	6985	908
Ramanagara	521	68	85	11	546	71	109	14	2380	309	1456	189	3641	473
Raichur	410	53	205	27	462	60	92	12	1908	248	1231	160	3078	400
Shimoga	821	107	410	53	1060	138	212	28	4563	593	2826	367	7066	919
Tumkur	1013	132	507	66	1519	197	304	39	6782	882	4050	526	10124	1316
Udupi	461	60	230	30	379	49	76	10	1378	179	1010	131	2524	328
Uttar Kannada	657	85	195	25	952	124	190	25	4354	566	2539	330	6348	825
Yadgir	369	48	185	24	503	65	101	13	2196	286	1342	174	3354	436
Total	17776	2311	7188	934	24308	3160	4862	632	107919	14030	64821	8427	162052	21067

District Wise progress for the year 2015 -2016

Rajiv Gandhi Chaitanya Yojane (No. of Candidates Trained and self Employed)															
SLN o.	District /Component	SCP		TSP		Minority		Others		Total		Phy. Challenged		Women	
		Tar get	Achieve ment	Tar get	Achieve ment	Tar get	Achieve ment	Tar get	Achieve ment	Tar get	Achieve ment	Tar get	Achieve ment	Tar get	Achieve ment
1	Bagalkot	381	111	191	46	234	50	754	433	1559	640	47	28	624	404
2	Bangalore Rural	202	59	101	18	124	4	400	114	827	195	25	29	331	454
3	Bangalore Urban	185	110	92	10	113	3	365	184	756	307	23	0	302	222
4	Belgaum	966	512	483	249	593	296	1911	2511	3954	3568	119	14	1582	1486
5	Bellary	383	500	192	444	235	112	758	1013	1567	2069	47	4	627	767
6	Bidar	358	0	179	0	220	0	708	0	1465	0	44	0	586	0
7	Bijapur	410	279	205	2	252	135	811	403	1678	819	50	18	671	283
8	Chamarajin agar	250	659	125	144	154	19	495	461	1024	1283	31	0	410	22

9	Chikkaballapur	302	356	151	73	185	20	598	442	1237	891	37	0	495	5
10	Chikkamagalur	437	255	219	41	268	30	864	322	1788	648	54	0	715	85
11	Chitradurga	364	162	182	128	223	28	719	282	1489	600	45	0	595	0
12	Dakshina Kannada	443	26	221	2	272	33	876	146	1812	207	54	0	725	21
13	Davanagere	449	0	224	0	275	0	887	13	1835	13	55	6	734	187
14	Dharwad	277	45	139	23	170	38	548	148	1134	254	34	6	454	110
15	Gadag	235	152	117	75	144	97	464	594	961	918	29	10	384	743
16	Gulbarga	508	0	254	0	312	0	1005	0	2079	0	62	0	832	0
17	Hassan	514	326	257	29	315	22	1016	805	2103	1182	63	0	841	656
18	Haveri	429	17	215	11	263	11	849	74	1756	113	53	3	703	89
19	Kodagu	200	18	100	3	123	46	396	155	819	222	25	0	328	94
20	Kolar	300	257	150	63	184	25	594	181	1229	526	37	3	491	252
21	Koppal	295	0	147	0	181	0	582	0	1205	0	36	0	482	0
22	Mandya	451	1047	225	49	276	44	891	2764	1843	3904	55	0	737	0

23	Mysore	512	204	256	133	314	31	1013	614	2095	982	63	9	838	549
24	Ramanagara	245	191	122	13	150	30	483	407	1000	641	30	0	400	53
25	Raichur	347	324	173	294	213	132	685	894	1418	1644	43	0	567	0
26	Shimoga	522	133	261	30	320	49	1032	338	2134	550	64	0	854	166
27	Tumkur	637	312	319	101	391	29	1260	446	2607	888	78	3	1043	336
28	Udupi	304	1	152	4	187	0	601	30	1244	35	37	1	498	28
29	Uttar Kannada	445	154	222	48	273	81	879	1090	1819	1373	55	8	728	846
30	Yadgir	237	0	118	0	145	0	468	0	969	0	29	0	388	0
Total		1158 8	6210	5794	2033	7111	1365	2291 3	14864	4740 7	24472	1422	142	1896 3	7858

Corrections as per technical committee advice

Suggestions given	Corrections required	Changes done	Reference
Sample design, size (include control group) and sampling technique to be revised	Sample design to be given in detail.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Detailed sampling methodology is given with Multi stage stratified random sampling design and Probability proportional to size (PPS) sampling technique is used. An equal number of Control non-beneficiaries are taken with similar selection criteria (those eligible but non beneficiaries) 	Reference page 6-8
Selection of sample districts and talukas to be considered on target and achievement indicators (high, medium, low)	Target achievement percentage to be given in table form to identify the level of achievement Distribution of the sample across the districts for the two years to be given for the two components of the Scheme	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Target achievement is given in the table format Samples are divided as per the scheme and year wise enrolment 	Reference page 6-8

<p>Sample Beneficiaries to be representative of different education levels, target groups and age under the (a) self employment/livelihood activities in PSA and (b) skill training and placement in PIA</p>	<p>It has to be estimated- PSA and PIA wise</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Total sample size per district and strata to be achieved by taking the lists from the PSAs and PIAs. Simple random selection to be applied and Probability proportional to size (PPS) sampling is to be adopted in selection of samples from PSA and PIA • Kindly note that the beneficiaries' lists are not available for calculating this. 	<p>Reference page 6-8</p>
--	---	---	---------------------------